

FORM PTO-1390
(REV 5-93)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
100564-00064

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

DATE: August 2, 2001

U.S. APPLN. NO.
(IF KNOWN, SEE 37 C.F.R. 1.5)
Not Yet Assigned

097889592

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.
PCT/EP00/00877

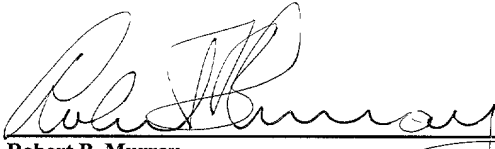
INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE
3 February 2000

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED
3 February 1999

TITLE OF INVENTION: PROTEIN WITH CELL PROLIFERATION AND CELL DIVISION MODULATING ACTIVITY AND DNA ENCODING SUCH PROTEIN

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US: Ingvar M. FERBY, M. Angel Rodriguez NEBRED A

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
(THE BASIC FILING FEE IS ATTACHED)
 2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
 3. ☒ This express request to begin national examination procedures [35 U.S.C. 371(f)] at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
 4. ☐ A proper demand for International Preliminary Amendment was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
 5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)]
 - a. ☒ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
 6. ☒ A translation of the International Application into English [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)].
 7. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)]
 - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
 8. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)].
 9. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)].
 10. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)].
- Items 11 - 16 below concern other document(s) or information included:
11. ☐ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 C.F.R. 1.97 and 1.98.
 12. ☒ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 C.F.R. 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
 13. ☒ A FIRST preliminary amendment.
☐ A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.
 14. ☐ A substitute specification.
 15. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
 16. ☒ Other items or information: ☒ PCT/RO/101; PCT/IPEA/409; 8 pages of sequence listing; 4 sheets of amended claims
Drawings (5 sheets)

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN) SEE 37 C.F.R. 1.50 No Yet Assigned <div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold; margin-top: 10px;">09/889592</div>	INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/EP00/00877	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 100564-00064 DATE: August 2, 2001				
17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted: Basic National Fee [37 C.F.R. 1.492(a)(1)-(5)]: Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO.....\$860.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482).....\$690.00 No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO [37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)].....\$710.00 Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) or international search fee [37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)] paid to USPTO.....\$1,000.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4).....\$ 100.00		<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">CALCULATIONS</th> <th style="width: 50%;">PTO USE ONLY</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="height: 100px;"></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	CALCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY		
CALCULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY					
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =		\$ 860.00				
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date [37 C.F.R. 1.492(e)].		\$ 0.00				
Claims	Number Filed	Number Extra				
Total Claims	17 - 20 =	0				
Independent Claims	1 - 3 =	0				
Multiple dependent claim(s) (if applicable)		+ \$270.00				
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =		\$ 860.00				
Reduction by one-half for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity statement must also be filed. (Note 37 C.F.R. 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).		\$ 0.00				
SUBTOTAL =		\$ 860.00				
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later the <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date [37 C.F.R. 1.492(f)].		\$ 0.00				
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =		\$ 860.00				
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment [37 C.F.R. 1.21(h)]. The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 C.F.R. 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property		\$ 40.00				
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =		\$ 900.00				
		Amount to be refunded \$				
		Charged \$				
a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of \$900.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed. b. <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. 01-2300 in the amount of \$ to cover the above fee. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 01-2300.						
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 C.F.R. 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive [37 C.F.R. 1.137(a) or (b)] must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.						
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO: Arent Fox Kintner Plotkin & Kahn 1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Suite 400 Washington, D.C. 20036-5339 Tel: (202) 857-6000 Fax: (202) 638-4810 RBM/aam						
 Robert B. Murray Reg. No. 22,980						

09/889592
Rec'd PCT/PTO 01 OCT 2001

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the application of:

Ingvar M. FERBY et al.

Atty. Docket No.: 100564-00064

Application Number: 09/889,592

Group Art Unit: Not Yet Assigned

Filed: August 2, 2001

Examiner: Not Yet Assigned

For: PROTEIN WITH CELL PROLIFERATION AND CELL DIVISION
MODULATING ACTIVITY AND DNA ENCODING SUCH PROTEIN

STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.821

Commissioner of Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

October 31, 2001

Sir or Madam:

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.821, applicant hereby submits the Sequence Listing for the above-referenced application in paper copy and computer readable form.

The name of the file on the computer readable form is 100564-00064.txt. The computer readable form and the paper copy are the same, and no new matter has been added.

In the event that this paper is not considered timely filed, applicant hereby petitions for an appropriate extension of time. If necessary, please charge any additional

amounts or credit any overpayments to Direct Deposit Account Number 01-2300.

Respectfully Submitted,

ARENT FOX KINTNER PLOTKIN & KAHN, PLLC

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D. Daniel Dzara, II", written over a horizontal line.

D. Daniel Dzara, II

Reg. No. 47, 543

Attorney for Applicant

Arent Fox Kintner Plotkin & Kahn, PLLC
1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20036-5339
(202) 857-6000
(202) 857-6395 (fax)

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of:

Ingvar M. FERBY et al.

Group Art Unit: Unknown

Application No.: Not Yet Assigned

Examiner: Unknown

Filed: Concurrently herewith

Attorney Dkt. No.: 100564-00064

For: PROTEIN WITH CELL PROLIFERATION AND CELL DIVISION MODULATING
ACTIVITY AND DNA ENCODING SUCH PROTEIN

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Date: August 2, 2001

Sir:

Prior to initial examination of the application, please amend the above-identified
application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 3, 4, 6-10, 13, 14 and 16 as follows:

3. (Amended) Expression vector, characterized in that it contains a DNA
sequence according to claim 1.

4. (Amended) Protein characterized in that it is encoded by a DNA
sequence according to claim 1.

6. (Amended) Protein according to claim 4 characterized in that it shows an oocyte maturation inducing activity and/or a cell division modulating activity.

7. (Amended) Protein according to claim 4, characterized in that it contains deletions, substitutions and/or additions of amino acids that do not substantially affect its activity.

8. (Amended) Protein according to claim 4, wherein a second protein is fused to build a fusion protein.

9. (Amended) Use of a protein according to claim 4, for inducing oocyte maturation and/or modulating cell division and/or differentiation and/or proliferation.

10. (Amended) Pharmaceutical composition containing as active agent a protein according to claim 5.

13. (Amended) Use of a protein according to claim 4, as a diagnostic marker for cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation.

14. (Amended) Use of a protein according to claim 4 as a target for the identification of drugs that modulate cell cycle progression and/or cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation.

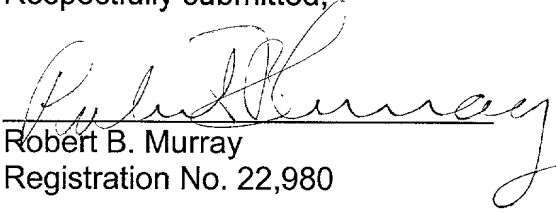
16. (Amended) Use of DNA sequence according to claim 1 or a part thereof as diagnostic marker for cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation for hybridization experiments to determine the amount of homologous nucleic acid sequences.

REMARKS

Claims 1-21 are pending in this application. By this Amendment, claims 3, 4, 6-10, 13, 14 and 16 are amended to delete multiple dependency. No new matter is contained in the amendments.

Please charge any fee deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 01-2300.

Respectfully submitted,


Robert B. Murray
Registration No. 22,980

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RBM/gck

MARKED-UP VERSION OF ORIGINAL CLAIMS

3. (Amended) Expression vector, characterized in that it contains a DNA sequence according to [any one of claims 1 or 2] claim 1.

4. (Amended) Protein characterized in that it is encoded by a DNA sequence according to [any one of claims 1 or 2] claim 1.

6. (Amended) Protein according to claim 4 [or 5] characterized in that it shows an oocyte maturation inducing activity and/or a cell division modulating activity.

7. (Amended) Protein according to [any one of claims 4 to 6] claim 4, characterized in that it contains deletions, substitutions and/or additions of amino acids that do not substantially affect its activity.

8. (Amended) Protein according to [any one of claims 4 to 7] claim 4, wherein a second protein is fused to build a fusion protein.

9. (Amended) Use of a protein according to [any one of claims 4 to 8] claim 4, for inducing oocyte maturation and/or modulating cell division and/or differentiation and/or proliferation.

10. (Amended) Pharmaceutical composition containing as active agent a protein according to [any one of claims 5 to 8] claim 5.

13. (Amended) Use of a protein according to [any one of claims 4 to 8] claim 4, as a diagnostic marker for cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation.

14. (Amended) Use of a protein according to [claims 4 to 8] claim 4 as a target for the identification of drugs that modulate cell cycle progression and/or cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation.

16. (Amended) Use of DNA sequence according to [any one of claims 1 or 2] claim 1 or a part thereof as diagnostic marker for cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation for hybridization experiments to determine the amount of homologous nucleic acid sequences.

19595P WO/BBcl
EMBL

04. Mai 2001

New claim 1

1. A DNA sequence,
characterized in that it contains:
- (a) a sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO.1 or 2,
 - (b) a sequence which encodes the same protein as (a) but is degenerate as a result of the genetic code,
 - (c) a sequence hybridizing under stringent conditions to the sequences of (a) and/or (b),
 - (d) a genomic sequence consisting of the sequence according to (a) or (b) and further containing one or more introns,
 - (e) a sequence which codes for a protein with at the most up to 5% of the amino acid content of the protein according to SEQ ID NO.3 or 4 of deletions, substitutions and/or additions of amino acids and having the same or a very similar activity.

19. Feb. 2001

PCT/EP00/00877
EMBL

New claims

1. A DNA sequence,
characterized in that it encodes a protein that is capable of inducing oocyte maturation and/or modulating cell division and contains:
 - (a) a sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO.1 or 2,
 - (b) a sequence which encodes the same protein as (a) but is degenerate as a result of the genetic code,
 - (c) a sequence hybridizing under stringent conditions to the sequences of (a) and/or (b),
 - (d) a sequence according to (a), (b) or (c), wherein this sequences contain one or more introns,
 - (e) a sequence which differs from (a), (b), (c) or (d) due to its origin from a different species, but encodes a protein with the same or a very similar activity.
2. A DNA sequence according to claim 1,
characterized in that it further contains expression control sequences operably linked to the coding DNA sequence.
3. Expression vector,
characterized in that it contains a DNA sequence according to anyone of claims 1 or 2.
4. Protein
characterized in that it is encoded by a DNA sequence according to anyone of claims 1 or 2.
5. Protein according to claim 4,
characterized in that it contains an amino acid as shown in SEQ ID NO.3 or 4.

6. Protein according to claim 4 or 5,
characterized in that it shows an oocyte maturation inducing activity
and/or a cell division modulating activity.
7. Protein according to anyone of claims 4 to 6,
characterized in that it contains deletions, substitutions and/or
additions of amino acids that do not substantially affect its activity.
8. Protein according to anyone of claims 4 to 7,
wherein a second protein is fused to build a fusion protein.
9. Use of a protein according to anyone of claims 4 to 8 for inducing
oocyte maturation and/or modulating cell division and/or differentiation
and/or proliferation.
10. Pharmaceutical composition containing as active agent a protein
according to anyone of claims 5 to 8.
11. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 10, containing the
protein in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or
adjuvant.
12. Use of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 10 or 11 for
modulating cell proliferation, cell differentiation, or for fertility
treatments.
13. Use of a protein according to anyone of claims 4 to 8 as a diagnostic
marker for cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation.
14. Use of a protein according to claims 4 to 8 as a target for the
identification of drugs that modulate cell cycle progression and/or cell
proliferation and/or cell differentiation.
15. Use according to claim 14 for the development of pharmaceuticals for

WO 00/46367

1

SEQ ID NO. 1

Is 26 cDNA

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SEQ ID NO. 2

Is 27 cDNA

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601 CGT GAG TTT TTC CCA CAA TTT TTA CGT CTC CGG GAC GAC TTC TGG GCT AAA ATG AAC TAC
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SEQ ID NO.3

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SEQ ID NO. 4

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A	K	P	K	I	T	R	I	T	H	L	N	L	Q	P	Q	E	R	Q	A	66
F	Y	R	L	L	E	N	E	L	I	Q	E	F	L	S	M	D	S	C	L	86
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Y	T	S	E	Y	T	T	M	N	F	F	V	A	L	Y	L	A	N	D	M	126
E	E	D	E	E	D	Y	K	Y	E	I	F	P	W	A	L	G	D	S	W	146
R	E	F	F	P	Q	F	L	R	L	R	D	D	F	W	A	K	M	N	Y	166
R	A	V	V	S	R	R	C	C	D	E	V	M	A	K	D	P	T	H	W	186
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E	D	D	F	F	P	R	G	P	G	L	T	P	A	S	C	A	L	C	H	226
K	A	S	V	C	D	S	G	G	V	S	H	D	N	S	S	P	E	Q	E	246
I	F	H	Y	T	N	R	E	W	S	Q	E	L	L	I	L	P	P	E	L	266
L	L	D	P	E	S	T	Y	D	I	H	I	F	Q	E	P	L	V	G	L	286
E	P	D	G	A	A	L	E	W	H	H	L	*								298

Protein with cell proliferation and cell division modulating activity and DNA encoding such protein

5

Specification

The present invention relates to DNA sequences, expression vectors containing such DNA sequences, proteins encoded thereby, the use of these proteins for inducing oocyte maturation or modulating cell division and in a pharmaceutical composition, uses as diagnostic markers or for identifying substances modulating the cell cycle progression and/or cell proliferation and/or differentiation, as well as further applications derived therefrom.

10

15

Proteins influencing cell division, proliferation or differentiation are generally of great interest. These substances open up a variety of possible uses which can be of interest for several applications depending on the specificity of these proteins. Usually, drugs which make use of the effect of suitable proteins to control or prevent pathological situations can also be derived therefrom. In general, newly found proteins which can be produced recombinantly are therefore received with great interest. They do not only have potential pharmaceutical effects themselves but can often also be used as diagnostic means or as means for developing secondary pharmaceutical agents.

20

25

With the current systematical elucidation of the sequences of the human genome (human genome project), many sequences are found which obviously code for proteins. In most cases, though, the function of these proteins is completely unknown, so that it cannot be foreseen which possible uses such products might have.

30

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The object underlying the present invention was to detect sequences coding for proteins influencing the cell cycle, cell division and cell proliferation. It was a further object of the present invention to produce corresponding proteins.

In accordance with the present invention this object was accomplished by providing a DNA sequence characterized in that it contains:

- (a) a sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO.1 or 2,
- (b) a sequence which encodes the same protein as (a) but is degenerate as a result of the genetic code,
- (c) a sequence hybridizing under stringent conditions to the sequences of (a) and/or (b),
- (d) a genomic sequence containing the sequence of (a), (b) or (c) and further containing one or more introns,
- (e) a sequence which differs from (a), (b), (c) or (d) due to its origin from a different species.

In order to find proteins involved in cell cycle activation, a *Xenopus* oocyte cDNA was prepared and cloned in expression vectors. The primary library was subdivided into pools and plasmid DNA was purified from the pools and in vitro transcribed to obtain mRNAs. The mRNA pools were injected into stage VI oocytes which were incubated to allow for protein expression. Pools which upon microinjection in oocytes were capable of inducing oocyte maturation on their own or of strongly accelerating progesterone-induced maturation were subdivided into smaller pools and reinjected until single positive clones were isolated. Following this approach, out of a huge number of mRNA pools two specific sequences corresponding to SEQ ID NOs.1 and 2 were isolated. These sequences do not correspond by DNA hybridization experiments to any known proteins inducing oocyte maturation, including protein kinase Mos, the protein phosphatase cdc25 and several A and B type cyclins. The mRNA prepared from the two isolated clones containing SEQ ID NO.1 or 2 was used for protein expression and

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the obtained proteins were found capable of potently inducing oocyte maturation also in the absence of progesterone stimulation. The obtained DNA sequence data as shown in SEQ ID NOs.1 and 2 demonstrate that these two clones contain open reading frames coding for related proteins.

5

The present invention comprises the sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs.1 and 2 which, however, may also contain certain deviations. In particular, the present invention covers deviations which are present in the DNA only but which, owing to the diversity of the genetic code, encode the same protein as SEQ ID NO.1 or 2. Furthermore, the present invention comprises sequences which hybridize under stringent conditions with SEQ ID NO.1 or 2, or sequences deviating therefrom as set out under (b). The present invention also comprehends the corresponding genomic sequences of the cDNA sequences of SEQ ID NO.1 or 2, or of sequences deviating therefrom as set out under (b) or (c). Such genomic sequences may contain one or more introns which are cleaved off during translation and processing and thus do not influence the finally encoded protein.

10

15

20

Still further, the present invention comprises sequences which deviate from those of (a), (b), (c) or (d) owing to their origin from a different species.

25

Very often, highly conserved DNAs coding for proteins which have the same activities in different species, such as mouse or human, show only slight differences. In most cases, deviations occur only in some nucleotides and/or in few amino acids of the coded protein. Hence, by means of the concretely disclosed sequences as of SEQ ID NO.1 or 2, corresponding nucleic acids in other species, which code for proteins with the same or a very similar activity, can easily be found. Such similar sequences are therefore comprised by the present invention, too.

30

- 4 -

The DNA sequences according to the invention encode proteins capable of inducing oocyte maturation and/or modulating cell division, proliferation and/or differentiation.

5 The term "modulating" according to the invention is meant to encompass promotion as well as inhibition. Experimental results show that proteins encoded by the DNA according to the invention show in some instances a promoting, in other instances an inhibiting effect on cell division.

10 In a preferred embodiment of the invention the DNA sequences further contain expression controlled sequences which are operably linked to the coding DNA sequence. Any suitable expression control sequences may be used for the present invention. Particularly preferred sequences are those which allow a favourable control of expression, such as sequences allowing
15 induction of expression or inhibition of expression. Induction or inhibition generally takes place via the binding of a respective inductor or inhibitor molecule to operator sequences. Corresponding expression control sequences are known to the person skilled in the art, the lac operator being an example therefor.

20 A further subject matter of the present invention is an expression vector containing a DNA sequence according to the invention.

25 As set out above for the DNA sequences, the expression vector also particularly preferably comprises expression control sequences allowing for specific expression control. Also, sequences that allow for positive selection of transformed host cells are known to the man in the art and are preferably introduced in the expression vectors according to the invention.

30 A further subject matter of the present invention is a protein encoded by a DNA sequence according to the present invention. As explained above, the protein according to the invention, which preferably contains an amino acid

- 5 -

sequence according to SEQ ID NO.3 or 4, modulates cell proliferation and differentiation. Oocyte maturation is induced by the proteins of the invention whereas expression in some mammalian cell lines seems to inhibit cell division. The particularly preferred proteins of SEQ ID NOs.3 and 4 are
5 capable of inducing oocyte maturation considerably faster than the same amount of injected malE-Mos or progesterone treatment. The entire cell cycle in *Xenopus* oocytes is extraordinarily strongly activated by the proteins of the invention. Only low amounts of the protein of the invention are required to stimulate oocyte maturation.

10 The protein according to the present invention may have deletions, substitutions and/or additions of amino acids in regions which do not affect the activity. However, the activity of the protein must not be considerably impaired thereby. Further, it is preferred that at the most up to 5 % of the
15 amino acid content of the protein of the invention has deletions, substitutions and/or additions of amino acids. It is not difficult for the skilled artisan to find out which regions may contain deletions, substitutions or additions. Corresponding changes can be made in the nucleic acids, followed by expression and an activity test. By means of site-directed
20 mutagenesis manifold variants can easily be produced and expressed. The person of skill in the art can easily simultaneously test a multitude of such mutants for their activity (high-throughput screening), whereby as a prerequisite at least half the activity of the proteins shown in SEQ ID NO.3 or 4 has to be retained. By means of computer-aided conformation studies
25 the regions of the protein which are less probably involved in the activity of the protein can be determined. Particularly in such regions can mutations be made.

30 A still further subject matter of the present invention is the use of the protein according to the invention for modulating oocyte maturation and/or promoting cell division, cell proliferation or cell differentiation.

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As a further subject matter of the present invention a pharmaceutical composition may be formulated on the basis of this possible use. The pharmaceutical composition according to the invention contains as active agent a protein according to the invention which in particular contains the amino acids as of SEQ ID NO.3 or 4 or sequences derived therefrom which may exhibit the aforementioned mutations, deletions or substitutions.

Preferably, the pharmaceutical composition contains the protein in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or adjuvant.

The pharmaceutical composition according to the invention may be used for all pathological situations in which it is desired to modulate cell proliferation, cell differentiation or cell maturation. Examples for such applications are the promotion of growth and maturation of specific cell types, e.g. ovarian cells, so that the pharmaceutical composition of the invention is in particular also useful and suitable for fertility treatments.

The protein according to the invention can further be used as diagnostic marker for cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation. The amount of said protein contained in an organism can be correlated to the cell proliferation or differentiation rate. As soon as a basic value has been determined, the amount of this protein present in, e.g., different development stages of cells can be determined, thus showing the particular development status.

A further possible use of the proteins according to the invention lies in their capability of acting as a target for the identification of drugs modulating cell cycle progression and/or cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation. By means of these proteins a multitude of substances can be tested for their modulation capability. To this end, a system is provided which comprises cells susceptible to the proteins of the invention, proteins according to the invention and a substance which is to be examined as to its modulating activity. It can then be determined whether the activity of the protein to

- 7 -

modulate cell proliferation and/or differentiation is weakened or even prevented by said substance. Using high-throughput screening (HTPS), such experiments can be carried out for a multitude of substances simultaneously. A particularly preferable use for identifying substances modulating cell proliferation and/or differentiation lies in the development of drugs for the treatment of cancer or other pathological situations with uncontrolled cell proliferation.

Especially carcinoma grow by uncontrolled cell division, and the inhibition thereof is highly desired. Substances allowing to block such division can be found using the protein of the invention. Even the protein itself might be applicable for inhibiting uncontrolled cell growth in cancers.

Another subject matter of the present invention is the use of the DNA sequences according to the invention as diagnostic marker for the cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation status, whereby the amount of homologous nucleic acids present in the cell is determined by hybridization experiments. Of particular interest is the amount of mRNAs hybridizing to the DNA according to the invention. For this purpose, preferably the DNA sequence according to the invention or a part thereof is labelled, so that after performance of the hybridization experiment the formed double strands may be easily detected. Particularly preferably, a single-stranded DNA sequence should be used corresponding to the antisense strand of the DNA according to the invention. Using such an antisense strand DNA which is complementary to the mRNA, the actual amount of formed protein can be determined on a nucleic acid basis.

In combination with the figures the following examples are to further illustrate the present invention.

Fig. 1 shows a sequence comparison of proteins ls26 and ls27.

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Fig. 2 shows the result of experiments with injection of small amounts of recombinant malE-Is26 protein (10 ng) into *Xenopus* oocytes, leading to oocyte maturation considerably faster than the same amount of injected malE-Mos or a progesterone treatment. Fig. 2 also shows the same experiment where cycloheximide preincubation blocked malE-Mos-induced GVBD (germinal vesicle breakdown) but had no effect on Is26-triggered oocyte maturation.

Fig. 3 shows the malE-Is26-induced activation of MAP kinase and cdc2/cyclin B in an immunoblot and by direct measurement of the in vitro kinase activity using MBP and histone H1 as substrates for MAP kinase and cdc2/cyclin.

Fig. 4 also shows an immunoblot using anti-cdc2 antibodies and an in vitro histone H1 kinase assay.

Fig. 5 shows a pull-down experiment using rabbit reticulocyte lysates which demonstrates that Is26 can directly bind to B-type cyclins.

Example 1

To identify novel proteins implicated in cell cycle activation in *Xenopus* oocytes, an expression cloning strategy was used where a *Xenopus* oocyte cDNA library was constructed in the FTX5 expression vector. The primary library was subdivided into pools of 150-200 colonies and plasmid DNA was purified from the pools and in vitro transcribed to obtain mRNAs. The mRNA pools were injected into stage VI oocytes which were incubated for 30 - 36 hours to allow protein expression from the injected mRNAs prior to stimulation with progesterone. Finally, those pools which upon microinjection in oocytes were capable either of inducing oocyte maturation

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on their own or of strongly accelerating progesterone-induced maturation were subdivided into smaller pools and reinjected until single positive clones were isolated.

5 Using this approach, out of 105 mRNA pools injected in oocytes two clones were isolated which did not correspond by DNA hybridization experiments to proteins that are known to induce oocyte maturation including the protein kinase Mos, the protein phosphatase cdc25 and several A and B type cyclins. The mRNAs prepared from the two isolated clones, which were
10 referred to as Is26 and Is27, were capable of potentially inducing oocyte maturation in the absence of progesterone stimulation. DNA sequencing showed that these two clones contained open reading frames that encode for related proteins and were fused in frame to the C-terminus of the myc tag in the FTX5 vector.

15 Full-length Is26 and Is27 cDNAs were cloned from a λ ZAP Xenopus oocyte cDNA library using as probes the two cDNAs isolated in the expression screening. The Is26 clone was 1574 base pairs and encoded for a protein of 300 amino acids (SEQ ID NO.1), whilst Is27 was 1357 base pairs in
20 length and encoded for a protein of 298 amino acids (SEQ ID NO.2). Both clones contained stop codons upstream of the first ATG and in the same frame (underlined in SEQ ID NO.1 and 2). The predicted Is26 and Is27 proteins were 91% identical (Fig. 1). When the Is26 and Is27 sequences were tested against DNA and protein sequence data bases, no significant
25 homologies (Blast search) could be detected, suggesting that Is26/Is27 belong to a novel protein family. Programmes were also tested which were designed to identify conserved protein motifs (for example Prosite), but again there was no clue as to the kind of activity that the Is26/Is27 proteins may have. Thus, based on the lack of sequence homology, the Is26/Is27
30 proteins do not appear to have any known catalytic activity (protein kinase, phosphatase,...).

- 10 -

Example 2

To investigate the function of the ls26/ls27 proteins, the two cDNAs were cloned in the bacterial expression vector pMalc2 downstream of the malE gene. The fusion proteins malE-ls26 and malE-ls27 were expressed in and purified from *E. coli*. Since ls26 and ls27 are very similar in sequence and probably correspond to pseudoalleles, which are quite common in *Xenopus*, one concentrated on the characterization of ls26 and then confirmed the results obtained using ls27. It was found that the injection into *Xenopus* oocytes of small amounts of recombinant malE-ls26 protein (10 ng) was capable of inducing oocyte maturation considerably faster than the same amount of injected malE-Mos or than progesterone treatment (Fig. 2). This experiment using the fusion protein confirmed the results observed with mRNA in vitro transcribed from the ls26 cDNA clone regarding the potency of this novel protein to induce cell cycle activation in *Xenopus* oocytes. It was also found that injection of only 0.5 ng of malE-ls26 per oocyte was still capable of inducing oocyte maturation. The availability of purified malE-ls26 protein also allowed to test the capability of ls26 to induce oocyte maturation in the presence of protein synthesis inhibitors. Preincubation of the oocytes with cycloheximide totally blocked progesterone-induced maturation, consistent with the known essential requirement for translation of maternal mRNAs stored in the oocytes for progesterone to induce maturation. In the same experiment, cycloheximide preincubation also blocked malE-Mos-induced GVBD but it had no effect on ls26-triggered oocyte maturation (Fig. 2).

Example 3

To further characterize the activity of the ls26 protein, the kinetics of activation of MAP kinase (MAPK) and cdc2/cyclin B (MPF) in oocytes induced to mature by malE-ls26 were investigated. MAPK and MPF are normally activated during oocyte maturation and their activation can be

- 11 -

detected in oocyte lysates either by immunoblot with anti-MAPK and anti-cdc2 antibodies or by direct measurement of the in vitro kinase activity using MBP and histone H1 as substrates for MAPK and MPF, respectively (Fig. 3). As expected from previous work, we observed that progesterone treatment activates both MAPK and MPF at about the same time, whereas malE-Mos injection activates MAPK well before MPF activation. Interestingly, injection of malE-Is26 rapidly activates MPF somewhat before MAPK. Moreover, MPF appears to be transiently activated by Is26, but the significance of this observation is unclear. In cycloheximide-treated oocytes, the Is26-induced activation of MAPK is very much reduced whereas the activation of MPF is apparently unaffected. This result indicates that the effect of Is26 is more related to MPF activation than to MAPK activation. As expected, cycloheximide totally blocked progesterone-induced activation of both MPF and MAPK, whereas in the case of Mos only MPF but not MAPK activation was compromised by cycloheximide.

Example 4

The observation that Is26 can consistently induce oocyte maturation and the activation of MPF independently of new protein synthesis is quite remarkable as only proteins that act very late in the activation pathways, such as cyclins (cdc2 binding and activating subunits) or direct cdc2/cyclinB activators such as the cdc25 phosphatase have been shown to have this strong effect. In order to address whether Is26 can directly associate with and/or modify the activity of cdc2/cyclin B complexes, pull-down experiments were performed. For this purpose, extracts prepared from insect cells infected with cdc2-expressing baculovirus were incubated with either malE-Is26 bound to amylose beads or the equivalent amount of cyclin B bound to nickel beads. After extensive washing, the proteins that remained bound to the beads were analyzed by immunoblot using anti-cdc2 antibodies and in vitro histone H1 kinase assay. We found that Is26 bound to cdc2 with almost the same efficiency of cyclin B (Fig. 4). When the

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cyclin B pull-down was done in the presence of a 2-fold molar excess of soluble malE-Is26, we observed a reduction in the amount of cdc2 bound to cyclin B which also correlated with the expected decrease in the kinase activity of the complexes. This suggests that Is26 may compete with cyclin B to bind to cdc2. By immunoblot using anti-malE antibodies we confirmed that cyclin B was capable of binding Is26 in the presence of cdc2. Our results indicate that Is26 can strongly bind to cdc2 and probably also to cyclin B, but we do not know whether Is26 can complex to cdc2/cyclin B.

The interaction between Is26 and cdc2 was confirmed using ³⁵S-methionine-labelled cdc2 prepared by coupled transcription/translation in rabbit reticulocyte lysates. We also confirmed in pull-down experiments with rabbit reticulocyte lysates that Is26 can directly bind to B-type cyclins (Fig. 5).

the treatment of cancer or other pathological situations with uncontrolled cell proliferation.

16. Use of a DNA sequence according to anyone of claims 1 or 2 or a part thereof as diagnostic marker for cell proliferation and/or cell differentiation for hybridization experiments to determine the amount of homologous nucleic acid sequences.

1/5

Is 26	1	MRHM	QSV	TRASSI	CGSG	VKQVI	GKGHP	HARV	VGARKA	QIPERE
Is 27	1	MRHM	QSAT	RATLV	CGSG	VKQII	AKGHP	NTRV	FGARKA	KIPERE
Is 26	45	LSVK	PKMVR	NTHL	NLQP	QERQAF	YRLLE	NEQIQ	EFLSMD	SCLRI
Is 27	45	LAAK	PKITRI	THL	NLQP	QERQAF	YRLLE	NEQIQ	EFLSMD	SCLKI
Is 26	89	SDKYL	IAMV	LAYFK	RAAG	LYTSE	YTTM	NFFV	ALYL	ANDMEEDEE
Is 27	89	SDKYL	IAMV	LAYFK	RA - GL	YTS	YTTM	NFFV	ALYL	ANDMEEDEE
Is 26	133	DYKYE	IFPW	ALGDS	WREL	FPQFL	RLR	DDFW	AKMNY	RAVVSRRCC
Is 27	132	DYKYE	IFPW	ALGDS	WREF	FPQFL	RLR	DDFW	AKMNY	RAVVSRRCC
Is 26	177	DEVMS	KDPT	HWAW	L RDR	PMH	HSGA	M RGY	L RNE	DDFFPRGPGGLTP
Is 27	176	DEVMA	KDPT	HWAW	L RDR	PIH	HSGA	L RGY	L RNE	DDFFPRGPGGLTP
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Is 27	220	ASCA	LCHK	ASV	CD	SGGV	SHDN	SS -	PEQEI	FHYTNREWSQELLIL
Is 26	265	PPEL	LDPE	CTH	DLHI	LQEP	LVGL	EPDG	TAL	EWHL
Is 27	263	PPEL	LDPE	STY	DIHI	FQEP	LVGL	EPDG	AAL	EWHL

Fig.1

2/5

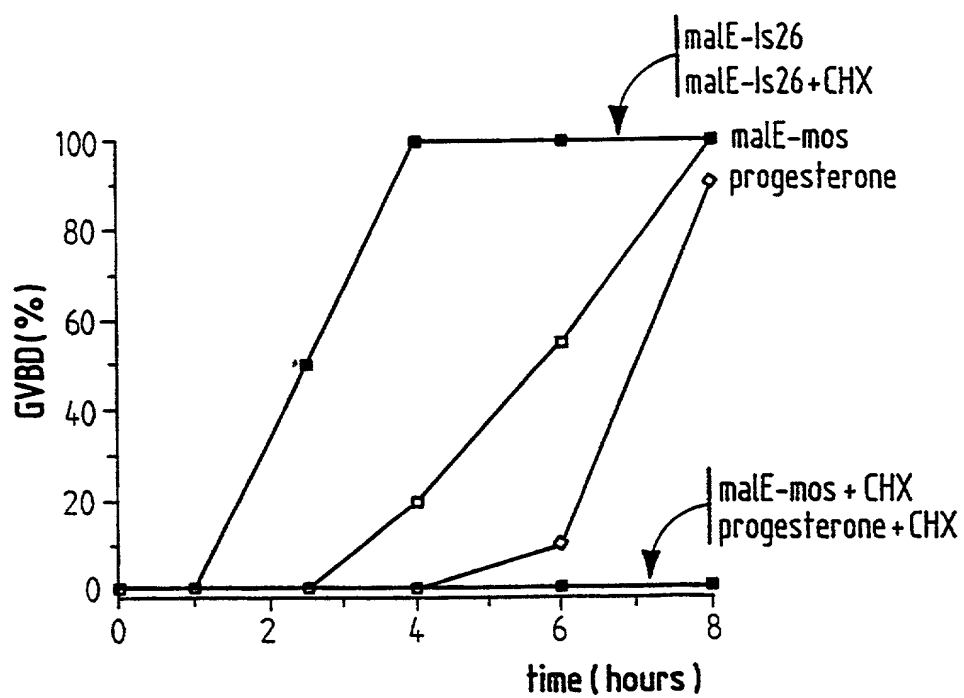


Fig. 2

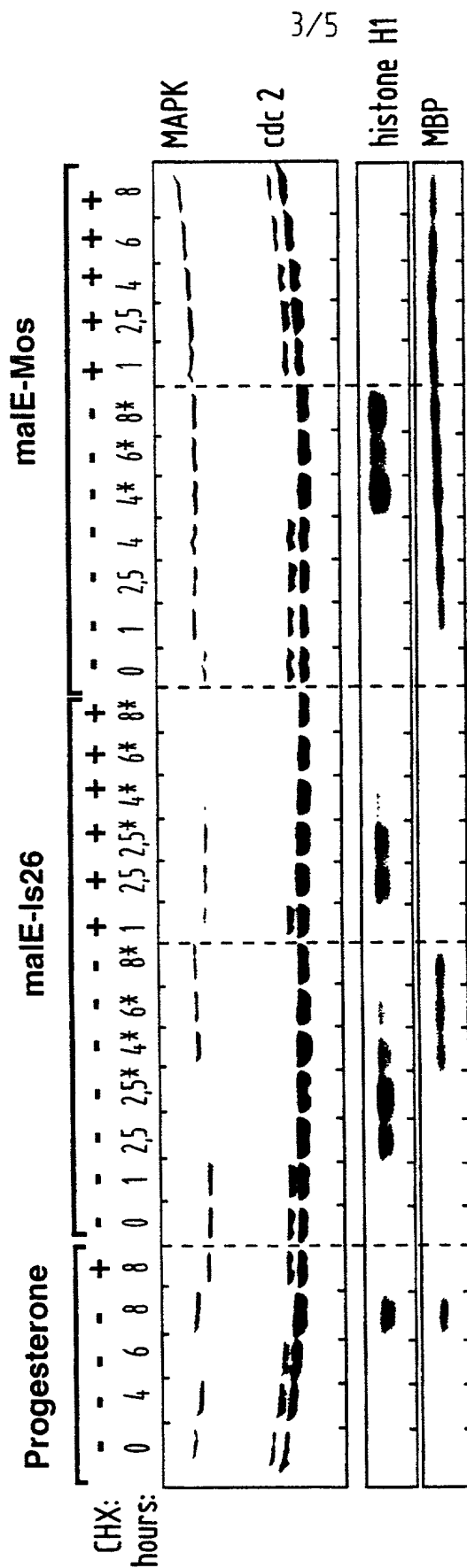


Fig. 3

4/5

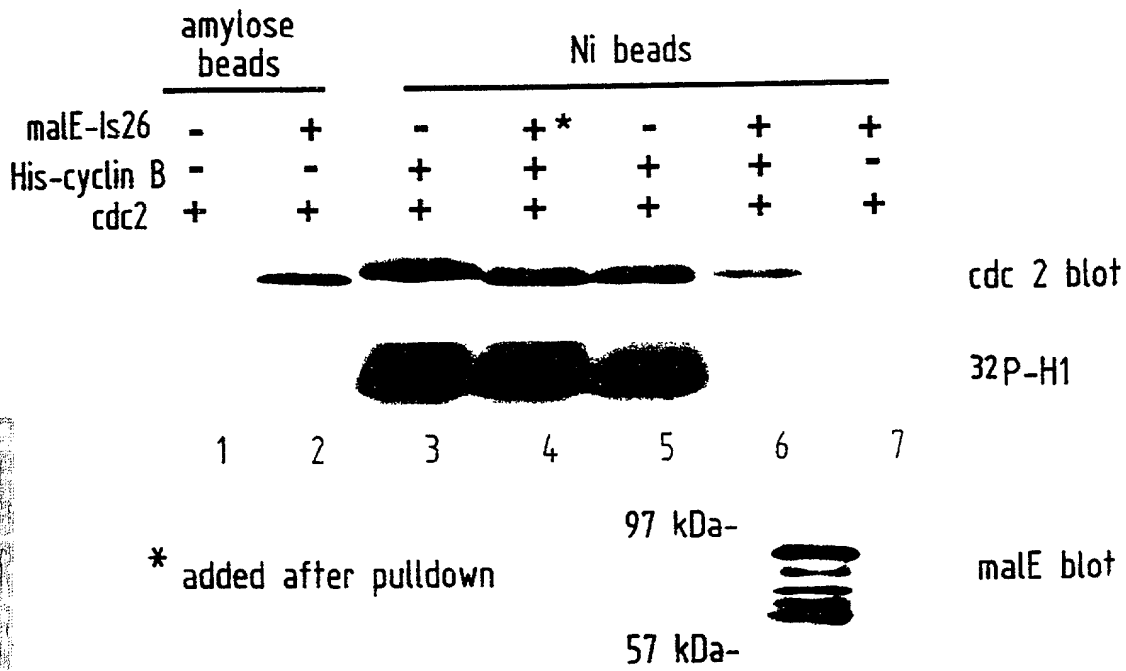


Fig. 4

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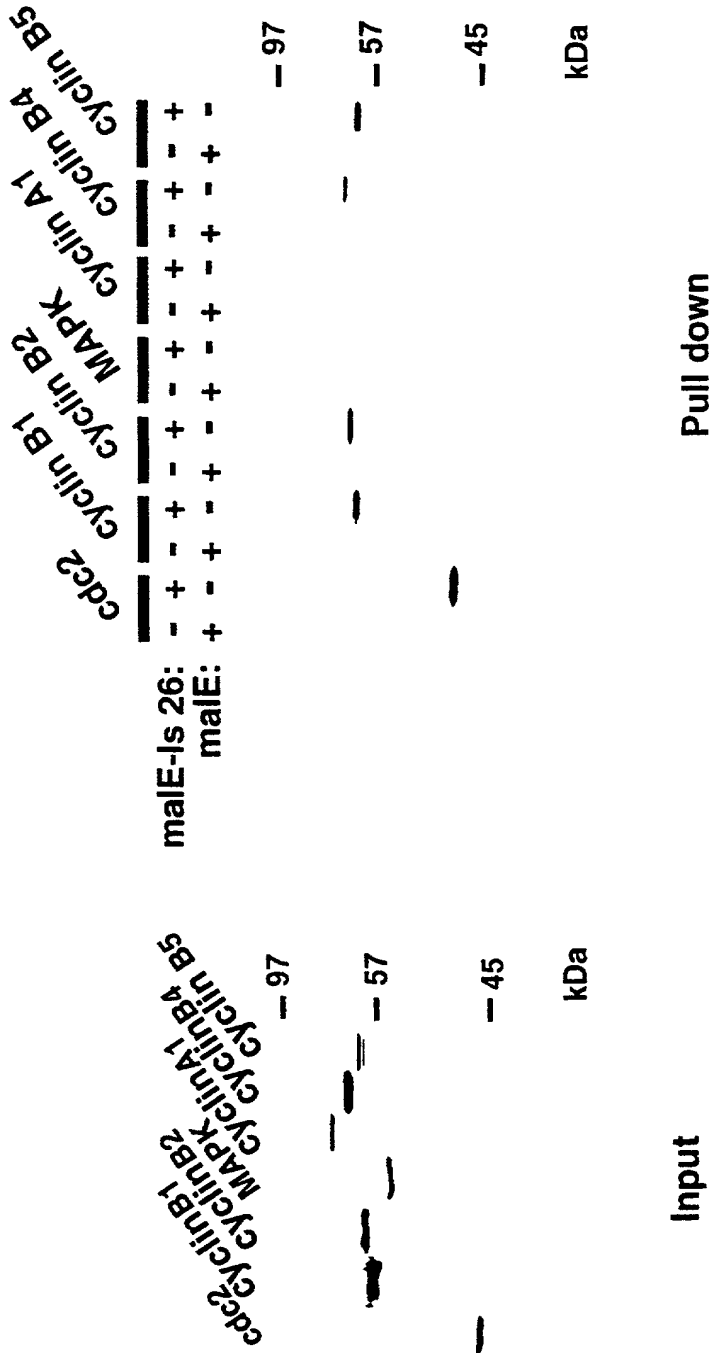


Fig. 5

Docket No. _____

ARENT FOX KINTNER PLOTKIN & KAHN, PLLC

Nikaido, Marmelstein, Murray & Oram Intellectual Property Group

Declaration For U.S. Patent Application

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled
(Insert Title) Protein with cell proliferation and cell division modulating activity and DNA encoding such protein

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☒ was filed on February 03, 2000 as PCT International Application
 Number PCT/EP00/00877 and was amended on Feb 19, 2001 and May 09, 2001
 and/or was filed on _____ as United States Application
 Number _____ and was amended on _____

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claim(s), as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or §365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or §365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International Application having a filing date before that of the application(s) for which priority is claimed:

(List prior foreign applications. See note A on back of this page)	<u>99 102 172 6</u>	<u>EP</u>	<u>Feb 03 1999</u>	Priority Claimed
	(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119(c) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

(Application Number) _____ (Filing Date) _____

(Application Number) _____ (Filing Date) _____

(See Note B on back of this page)

☐ See attached list for additional prior foreign or provisional applications.

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of any United States application(s) or §365(c) of any PCT International application(s) designating the United States of America listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior application(s) (U.S. or PCT) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35, U.S.C. §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

(List prior U.S. Applications or PCT International applications designating the U.S.)	(Application Serial No.) _____	(Filing Date) _____	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
	(Application Serial No.) _____	(Filing Date) _____	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)

And I hereby appoint as principal attorneys: Robert B. Murray, Reg. No. 22,980; Charles M. Marmelstein, Reg. No. 25,895; George E. Oram, Jr., Reg. No. 27,931; Douglas H. Goldhush, Reg. No. 33,125; David T. Nikaido, Reg. No. 22,663; Monica Chin Kitts, Reg. No. 36,105; Richard J. Beriman, Reg. No. 39,107; King L. Wong, Reg. No. 37,500; James A. Poulos, III, Reg. No. 31,714; Patrick D. Muir, Reg. No. 37,403; Murat Ozgu, Reg. No. 44,275; Bradley D. Goldizen, Reg. No. 43,637; N. Alexander Nolte, Reg. No. 45,689 and Robert K. Carpenter, Reg. No. 34,794.

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

(See Note C on back of this page)

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X 26/6/01
Date
DEX

Full name of third joint inventor, if any _____

Inventor's signature _____

Date

Residence _____

Citizenship _____

Post Office Address _____

Full name of fourth joint inventor, if any _____

Inventor's signature _____

Date

Residence _____

Citizenship _____

Post Office Address _____

Full name of fifth joint inventor, if any _____

Inventor's signature _____

Date

Residence _____

Citizenship _____

Post Office Address _____

Full name of sixth joint inventor, if any _____

Inventor's signature _____

Date

Residence _____

Citizenship _____

Post Office Address _____

Full name of seventh joint inventor, if any _____

Inventor's signature _____

Date

Residence _____

Citizenship _____

Post Office Address _____

Full name of eighth joint inventor, if any _____

Inventor's signature _____

Date

Residence _____

Citizenship _____

Post Office Address _____

Full name of ninth joint inventor, if any _____

Inventor's signature _____

Date

Residence _____

Citizenship _____

Post Office Address _____

SEQUENCE LISTING

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gag att ttt cac tac acc aat agg gag tgg tcc cag gag ctt ctc atg 1002
 Glu Ile Phe His Tyr Thr Asn Arg Glu Trp Ser Gln Glu Leu Leu Met
 250 255 260

ttg ccc cct gag ctg ttg ctg gat ccc gag tgt act cat gac tta cac 1050
 Leu Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Leu Asp Pro Glu Cys Thr His Asp Leu His
 265 270 275

att ctc cag gag cca ttg gtt gga tta gag cca gat ggg acg gcg ctg 1098
 Ile Leu Gln Glu Pro Leu Val Gly Leu Glu Pro Asp Gly Thr Ala Leu
 280 285 290 295

gaa tgg cac cac ctt tagtagccga ttgtctcctc cgagctttta ttcttctcta 1153
 Glu Trp His His Leu
 300

ctcacaagct cagcacttat tctctcctcc taaggacttg tcaatgttca gacttaattg 1213

aaatgggaga agtgaatatt ccgacggatg tagagcggga atatgtgccc agagaaagtg 1273

ttttgagtct gtataaaccg ttgctttgta aataaatata taaatgttct ctgtgctggg 1333

cactaataaaa gatcaggtaa aatcactttc aggtgtaatt taatagtatg tatgtagagt 1393

ctttaattca gctctccacc aaatagtaac ttgtcatcac tgaacctttg cttaactaca 1453

cttttattat tctgcacaca aatattctga agatcagacc gttctgtttt cagatggggt 1513

gaaaatatta aactcaacag aattcctgtg gtgtaatgta aatgcaaaga tcgattagac 1573

ta 1575

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<211> 300

<212> PRT

<213> Xenopus sp.

<400> 2

Met Arg His Met Gln Ser Val Thr Arg Ala Ser Ser Ile Cys Gly Ser
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Gly Val Lys Gln Val Ile Gly Lys Gly His Pro His Ala Arg Val Val
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Gly Ala Arg Lys Ala Gln Ile Pro Glu Arg Glu Glu Leu Ser Val Lys
 35 40 45
 Pro Lys Met Val Arg Asn Thr His Leu Asn Leu Gln Pro Gln Glu Arg
 50 55 60
 Gln Ala Phe Tyr Arg Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Gln Ile Gln Glu Phe Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Ser Met Asp Ser Cys Leu Arg Ile Ser Asp Lys Tyr Leu Ile Ala Met
 85 90 95
 Val Leu Ala Tyr Phe Lys Arg Ala Ala Gly Leu Tyr Thr Ser Glu Tyr
 100 105 110
 Thr Thr Met Asn Phe Phe Val Ala Leu Tyr Leu Ala Asn Asp Met Glu
 115 120 125
 Glu Asp Glu Glu Asp Tyr Lys Tyr Glu Ile Phe Pro Trp Ala Leu Gly
 130 135 140
 Asp Ser Trp Arg Glu Leu Phe Pro Gln Phe Leu Arg Leu Arg Asp Asp
 145 150 155 160
 Phe Trp Ala Lys Met Asn Tyr Arg Ala Val Val Ser Arg Arg Cys Cys
 165 170 175
 Asp Glu Val Met Ser Lys Asp Pro Thr His Trp Ala Trp Leu Arg Asp
 180 185 190
 Arg Pro Met His His Ser Gly Ala Met Arg Gly Tyr Leu Arg Asn Glu
 195 200 205
 Asp Asp Phe Phe Pro Arg Gly Pro Gly Leu Thr Pro Ala Ser Cys Thr
 210 215 220
 Leu Cys His Lys Ala Gly Val Cys Asp Ser Gly Gly Val Ser His Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Asn Ser Ser Ser Pro Glu Gln Glu Ile Phe His Tyr Thr Asn Arg Glu
 245 250 255
 Trp Ser Gln Glu Leu Leu Met Leu Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Leu Asp Pro
 260 265 270
 Glu Cys Thr His Asp Leu His Ile Leu Gln Glu Pro Leu Val Gly Leu
 275 280 285

Glu Pro Asp Gly Thr Ala Leu Glu Trp His His Leu
 290 295 300

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 <211> 1357
 <212> DNA
 <213> Xenopus sp.

<220>
 <221> CDS
 <222> (163)..(1056)

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 tttgctcaga tcaaccctcg gttogttgtc cccctttcta ca atg agg cat atg 174
 Met Arg His Met
 1
 cag agt gca acc cgg gcc acc tta gtt tgt ggc agc ggg gta aag cag 222
 Gln Ser Ala Thr Arg Ala Thr Leu Val Cys Gly Ser Gly Val Lys Gln
 5 10 15 20
 atc att gcc aag gga cat ccg aat acc cgg gtt ttt gga gcg cgc aag 270
 Ile Ile Ala Lys Gly His Pro Asn Thr Arg Val Phe Gly Ala Arg Lys
 25 30 35
 gcg aaa atc cct gag aga gag gtg cta gca gcc aaa ccc aag atc acg 318
 Ala Lys Ile Pro Glu Arg Glu Val Leu Ala Ala Lys Pro Lys Ile Thr
 40 45 50
 cgc att aca cat ctc aat cta caa ccc cag gag cgc cag gcc ttt tac 366
 Arg Ile Thr His Leu Asn Leu Gln Pro Gln Glu Arg Gln Ala Phe Tyr
 55 60 65
 agg ctc cta gaa aat gag ctg att cag gaa ttt ctt tct atg gac tcc 414
 Arg Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Leu Ile Gln Glu Phe Leu Ser Met Asp Ser
 70 75 80
 tgt cta aag att tca gac aag tat ctc ata gca atg gtt cta gca tat 462
 Cys Leu Lys Ile Ser Asp Lys Tyr Leu Ile Ala Met Val Leu Ala Tyr
 85 90 95 100
 ttt aag cgg gcg ggc ctc tac acc agc gag tac aca acc atg aat ttc 510

Phe	Lys	Arg	Ala	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Ser	Glu	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Met	Asn	Phe		
				105					110					115			
ttt	ggt	gct	ctg	tat	ctg	gct	aat	gac	atg	gag	gaa	gat	gaa	gaa	gac	558	
Phe	Val	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Asn	Asp	Met	Glu	Glu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Asp		
			120					125					130				
tat	aaa	tat	gaa	atc	ttc	ccc	tgg	gca	cta	gga	gat	tca	tgg	cgt	gag	606	
Tyr	Lys	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Phe	Pro	Trp	Ala	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ser	Trp	Arg	Glu		
			135				140					145					
ttt	ttc	cca	caa	ttt	tta	cgt	ctc	cgg	gac	gac	ttc	tgg	gct	aaa	atg	654	
Phe	Phe	Pro	Gln	Phe	Leu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Asp	Asp	Phe	Trp	Ala	Lys	Met		
	150					155					160						
aac	tac	cga	gca	ggt	ggt	agc	cga	aga	tgt	tgt	gat	gag	gta	atg	gcg	702	
Asn	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Val	Val	Ser	Arg	Arg	Cys	Cys	Asp	Glu	Val	Met	Ala		
165					170				175					180			
aaa	gat	ccc	act	cat	tgg	gcc	tgg	ctc	aga	gat	cgt	cct	att	cat	cat	750	
Lys	Asp	Pro	Thr	His	Trp	Ala	Trp	Leu	Arg	Asp	Arg	Pro	Ile	His	His		
				185				190						195			
agt	ggg	gcc	ctg	cgt	ggt	tac	ctc	aga	aat	gag	gat	gac	ttt	ttc	cct	798	
Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Glu	Asp	Asp	Phe	Phe	Pro		
			200					205					210				
cgg	ggt	cca	ggc	ctt	aca	cca	gcc	agc	tgt	gca	ctt	tgc	cat	aaa	gca	846	
Arg	Gly	Pro	Gly	Leu	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ser	Cys	Ala	Leu	Cys	His	Lys	Ala		
			215				220					225					
agt	gtc	tgt	gac	tct	ggt	ggg	gtg	tcc	cat	gac	aac	tct	tct	cca	gaa	894	
Ser	Val	Cys	Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly	Val	Ser	His	Asp	Asn	Ser	Ser	Pro	Glu		
			230				235				240						
caa	gag	att	ttt	cac	tac	acc	aat	agg	gag	tgg	tcc	cag	gaa	ctt	ctc	942	
Gln	Glu	Ile	Phe	His	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Arg	Glu	Trp	Ser	Gln	Glu	Leu	Leu		
245					250				255					260			
atc	ttg	cca	cct	gaa	ctg	tta	ttg	gat	ccg	gag	tct	act	tat	gac	atc	990	
Ile	Leu	Pro	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Ile		
				265				270						275			
cac	att	ttc	cag	gaa	cgg	ttg	ggt	gga	tta	gag	cca	gat	ggg	gca	gcc	1038	
His	Ile	Phe	Gln	Glu	Pro	Leu	Val	Gly	Leu	Glu	Pro	Asp	Gly	Ala	Ala		
			280					285					290				
ttg	gaa	tgg	cac	cac	ctt	tagcaccatg	tcattctctgt	gcttttcattc								1086	

Leu Glu Trp His His Leu
295

ttctctaatac cacgagctca agaagcaactt aacctctcct aagcacttgc ccatgtccct 1146
attcagacta atgaattaaa tgggagaggt gactattgcc ataaaggga ggatgccact 1206
tagagtggag aataatactt gccaaaaatg gtgtttgggt ctgttttaaac tgttgctatt 1266
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<210> 4

<211> 298

<212> PRT

<213> Xenopus sp.

<400> 4

Met Arg His Met Gln Ser Ala Thr Arg Ala Thr Leu Val Cys Gly Ser
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Gly Val Lys Gln Ile Ile Ala Lys Gly His Pro Asn Thr Arg Val Phe
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Gly Ala Arg Lys Ala Lys Ile Pro Glu Arg Glu Val Leu Ala Ala Lys
35 40 45

Pro Lys Ile Thr Arg Ile Thr His Leu Asn Leu Gln Pro Gln Glu Arg
50 55 60

Gln Ala Phe Tyr Arg Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Leu Ile Gln Glu Phe Leu
65 70 75 80

Ser Met Asp Ser Cys Leu Lys Ile Ser Asp Lys Tyr Leu Ile Ala Met
85 90 95

Val Leu Ala Tyr Phe Lys Arg Ala Gly Leu Tyr Thr Ser Glu Tyr Thr
100 105 110

Thr Met Asn Phe Phe Val Ala Leu Tyr Leu Ala Asn Asp Met Glu Glu
115 120 125

Asp Glu Glu Asp Tyr Lys Tyr Glu Ile Phe Pro Trp Ala Leu Gly Asp
130 135 140

Ser Trp Arg Glu Phe Phe Pro Gln Phe Leu Arg Leu Arg Asp Asp Phe

145		150		155		160									
Trp	Ala	Lys	Met	Asn	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Val	Val	Ser	Arg	Arg	Cys	Cys	Asp
				165					170					175	
Glu	Val	Met	Ala	Lys	Asp	Pro	Thr	His	Trp	Ala	Trp	Leu	Arg	Asp	Arg
			180					185					190		
Pro	Ile	His	His	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Glu	Asp
			195				200					205			
Asp	Phe	Phe	Pro	Arg	Gly	Pro	Gly	Leu	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ser	Cys	Ala	Leu
	210					215					220				
Cys	His	Lys	Ala	Ser	Val	Cys	Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly	Val	Ser	His	Asp	Asn
225					230					235					240
Ser	Ser	Pro	Glu	Gln	Glu	Ile	Phe	His	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Arg	Glu	Trp	Ser
				245					250					255	
Gln	Glu	Leu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Pro	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Ser
			260					265					270		
Thr	Tyr	Asp	Ile	His	Ile	Phe	Gln	Glu	Pro	Leu	Val	Gly	Leu	Glu	Pro
		275					280					285			
Asp	Gly	Ala	Ala	Leu	Glu	Trp	His	His	Leu						
	290					295									